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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/081,348	02/22/2002	Olivier Cussenot	EGYP 3.9-021 CONT	9780
7590 12/02/2004			EXAMINER	
Lerner, David, Littenberg, Krumholz & Mentlik, LLP 600 South Avenue West			CANELLA, KAREN A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Westfield, NJ	07090-1497		1642	
			DATE MAILED: 12/02/2004	4 .

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/081,348	CUSSENOT ET A	↓L.				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Karen A Canella	1642					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SH THE - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	l. 1.136(a). In no event, however, eply within the statutory minimur d will apply and will expire SIX ate, cause the application to bed	may a reply be timely filed  n of thirty (30) days will be considered time (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>4-28</u> is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	wn from consideration						
Applicat	ion Papers	,						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the			, ,				
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) [ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been receive nts have been receive iority documents have au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)	d. d in Application No been received in this National ).	I Stage				
Attachmen	t(s)							
	ee of References Cited (PTO-892)		erview Summary (PTO-413)					
3) Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 or No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/2</u> 6/2007—	8) 5) 🔲 Not	er No(s)/Mail Date ice of Informal Patent Application (PT er:	O-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Acknowledgment is made of applicants election with traverse, of Group I, drawn to an established cell line and a non-human animal carrying said cell line. The traversal is on the grounds that the restriction is improper because it would not be undue burden to the examiner to search all the claims. This has been considered but not found persuasive. The restriction requirement was set forth as below:

Group I, drawn to an established cell line and a no-human animal carrying said cell line is related to Group II, drawn to a method for identifying a substance likely to treat tumor of the prostate comprising administering said substance to the non-human animal of Group I, as product and method of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the established cell line of Group I can be used in an in vitro assay for screening test substances.

Group III, drawn to an anti-PSM-12 antibody and a coupling product between said antibody a compound of therapeutic or diagnostic interest, is related to the method of Group IV, drawn to the use of the anti-PSM-12 antibody in a targeting process of tumor cells of the prostate, as product and method of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the antibody of Group III can be used in a process to make an anti-idiotypic antibody.

The products of Groups I and III are structurally and functionally different, made by different methods and used in different methods. The examination of both product would require different searches in the U.S. patent shoes. Further, the literature search, would not be coextensive for either of the product groups.

The methods of Groups II and IV have different method objectives, different method steps and use different reagents and parameters. Again, each search would require a different search in the U.S. patent shoes and the literature. Neither search would be co-extensive.

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Accordingly, undue burden would be involved in the search for all the of the instant inventions. The restriction requirement is deemed proper and adhered to. The restriction is hereby made FINAL.

2. Claims 1-28 are pending. Claims 15-28, drawn to non-elected inventions, are withdrawn from consideration. Claims 1-14 are examined on the merits.

# Specification

3. The incorporation of essential material in the specification by reference to a foreign application or patent, or to a publication is improper. Applicant is required to amend the disclosure as amended by the request filed on February 22, 2002 to include the material incorporated by reference. The amendment must be accompanied by an affidavit or declaration executed by the applicant, or a practitioner representing the applicant, stating that the amendatory material consists of the same material incorporated by reference in the referencing application. See *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 569, 179 USPQ 157 (CCPA 1973); *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 579, 179 USPQ 163 (CCPA 1973); and *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 577, 179 USPQ 167 (CCPA 1973).

### Claim Objections

4. Claims 4-14 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot serve as the basis for another multiple dependent claim. See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims 4-14 not been further treated on the merits.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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6. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites "being likely to be grafted". It is unclear whether the actual successful grafting of the tumor is a specific embodiment of the claim. Further, the metes and bounds of "being likely to be grafter" cannot be determined relative to "being grafted". For purpose of examination, the instant claim will be examined with and without the criterion of an actual demonstration of successful grafting in an animal.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
  - A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -
  - (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 8. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Weijerman et al (Cancer Genet Cytogenet, 1997, Vol. 99, pp. 108-115) as evidenced by the abstract of Weijerman et al (Urology, 1998, Vol. 51, pp. 657-662).

Claim 1 is drawn to a cell line obtained after separation and putting into culture of a spontaneous prostatic tumor existing in a first animal, characterized by containing the antigens recognized by anti-PSMA antibodies and having a karyotype of at least 60 chromosomes. Claim 2 embodies the cell line of claim 1, wherein the anti-PSMA antibody is the PSM-P12 antibody having the CNCM Accession No. I-2280.

Weijerman et al (1997) discloses the cell line, CA-HPV-10, which originates from a high grade human prostate cancer specimen (abstract), thus fulfilling the specific embodiment of claim 1, drawn to a spontaneous prostatic tumor. Weijerman et al (1997) discloses the modal number of 72, having a range of 69-75 (page 110, second column, lines 6-9), thus fulfilling the specific embodiment of claim 1 specifying at least 60 chromosomes. The abstract of Weijerman et al (1998) discloses that PSMA was detected in the CA-HPV-10 cell line by RT-PCR. Thus,

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the CA-HPV-10 cell line disclosed by Weijerman et al (1997) has the inherent property of expressing PSMA and would thus fulfill the specific embodiment of claim 1 specifying that the cell lines contains antigens recognized by human anti-PSMA antibodies or the PSM-P12 antibody of claim 2.

9. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gibas et al (Cancer Genet Cytogenet, 1984, Vol. 11, pp. 399-404) as evidenced by Israeli et al (Cancer Research, 1994, Vol. 54, pp. 1807-1811) and the abstract of Mitchell et al (BJU Int., May 2000, Vol. 85, pp. 932-944).

The specific embodiments of claim 1 and 2 are set forth above. Claim 3 embodies the methods of claims 1 or 2 wherein the cell line carries antigens recognized by anti-cytokeratin 19 and vimentin.

Gibas et al disclose that the LNCap cell line comprises cells which have at least 60 chromosomes (Figure 1). Israeli et al discloses that the LNCap cell line stains intensely with the anti-PSMA antibody 7E11-C5.3, thus fulfilling the specific embodiment of claim 1 regarding antigens which bind to a anti-PSMA antibody and claim 2 regarding binding to the anti-PSMA antibody, PSM-P12. The abstract of Mitchell et al discloses that the LNCap cell line was positive for cytokeratin-19 and positive for vimentin.

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Cussenot et al (Experimental Cell Research, 1994, Vol. 214, pp. 83-92).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Karen A Canella whose telephone number is (571)272-0828. The examiner can normally be reached on 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Siew can be reached on (571)272-0787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Karen A. Canella, Ph.D. 11/29/2004

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